# **Simple Tenses**

### Present Simple

Will you/he/they\_\_\_\_?

- <u>Adverbs of Frequency (příslovce četnosti):</u> never, rarely, seldom, occasionally, sometimes, normally, often, usually, regularly, always, frequently, constantly, hardly ever, from time to time, once in a while, every now and then
- 1. zvyk (I go to work by car. He rarely does any housework.)
- 2. skutečnost, která je vždy pravdivá (Rolf comes from Germany. Two plus two equals four.)
- 3. skutečnost, která zůstává stejná po dlouhou dobu (I live in a flat in the town center.)
- 4. jízdní řád, program, rozvrh hodin (What time does the bus arrive? The museum opens at eight.)
- 5. *Časové věty* (When you finish all your tasks, you can go home. As soon as she gets home, she will take a shower.)

	Do you <u>speak F</u> Do <b>es</b> he		he I don't	speak English. speak <b>s</b> English. speak English. sn't speak English.
2. akce, které i	ná v minulosti. (We následují za sebou. ( we nebo zvyk. (Who	She walked in	to the room	n and stopped.) in a small house by the sea.)
Did you/he/th	ney?	Yes, I No, I didn't_		
	<b>e</b> akce (I will read a akce (I will read a lo	,		

Yes, I will\_\_\_. No, I won't\_\_\_.

## **Continuous Tenses**

#### Present Continuous

- 1. vyjádření činnosti, která probíhá nyní (She's having a bath.)
- 2. situace, která je nyní pravdivá, ale nemusí se nutně odehrávat v okamžiku hovoru (Don't take that book. Jane's reading it. I am doing a French evening course.)
- 3. dočasná průběžná činnost (I'm living with friends until I find a place of my own.)
- 4. vyjádření hněvu (Why are you always asking me such stupid questions. He's complaining about anything, all the time.)
- 5. plánovaná budoucnost (We're meeting at 1pm outside the restaurant.)

#### Past Continuous

- 1. Probíhající činnost v minulosti. (What were you doing at 5 yesterday?)
- 2. situace, kt. trvala delší dobu. (from... to/till...; the whole...; for...; We were rehearsing the show from 8am to 6pm.)
- 3. přerušená činnost. (When the phone rang, I was having a bath.)
- 4. neukončená činnost. (I was reading a book during the flight. X I read a book during the flight.)

Srovnání: What was Peter doing when the war broke out? X What did Peter do when the war broke out?

#### Future Continuous

- *stejné použití, jako u minulého průběhového č.:* When you arrive in the office, I'll be working already. We'll be doing the reconstruction at least two more years.

#### **Practice**

(How long) were/was you listening to the story will he be translating those sentences

## Slovesa, která nedáváme do průběhového času:

- 1. *vyjadřující obecný stav:* know, remember, forget, mean, imagine, realize, deserve, prefer, understand, suppose, expect, agree, doubt, think, believe
- 2. emoce, pocity: like, love, hate, care, hope, wish, want, admit
- 3. *vlastnictví a bytí:* belong, own, have, possess, contain, cost, seem, appear, need, depend on, weigh, come from, resemble
- 4. *smyslové vnímání:* look, hear, see, taste, smell, feel průběh tady nahrazujeme slovesem *can* (Can you see that bird?)

Slovesa nabízející obě možnosti: be, have, think, see, taste...